

HCatalog Table Management For Hadoop

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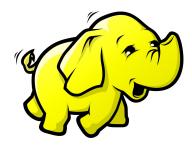
Who Am I?

HCatalog committer and mentor

- Co-founder of Hortonworks
- Lead for Pig, Hive, and HCatalog at Hortonworks
- Pig committer and PMC Member
- Member of Apache Software Foundation and Incubator PMC
- Author of *Programming Pig* from O'Reilly



Many Data Tools





MapReduce

- Early adopters
- Non-relational algorithms
- Performance sensitive applications

Pig

- ETL
- Data modeling
- Iterative algorithms



Hive

- Analysis
- Connectors to BI tools

Strength: Pick the right tool for your application

Weakness: Hard for users to share their data



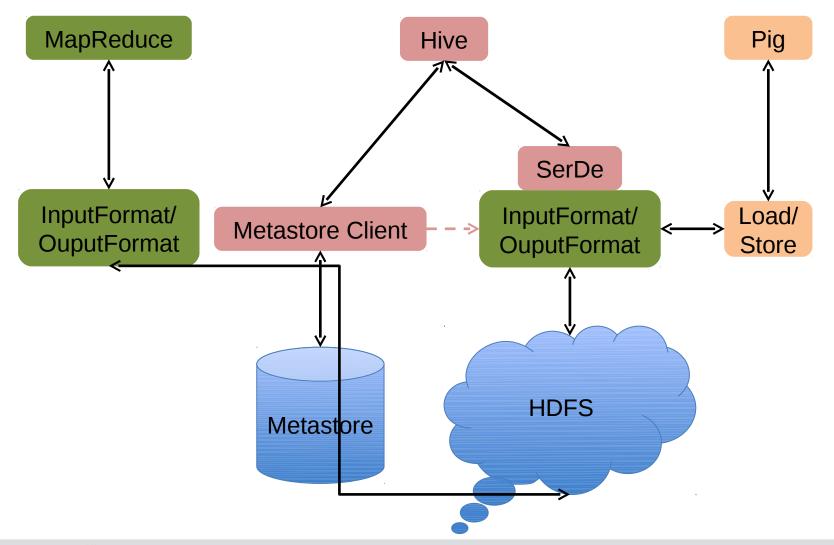
Tool Comparison

Feature	MapReduce	Pig	Hive
Record format	Key value pairs	Tuple	Record
Data model	User defined	int, float, string, bytes, maps, tuples, bags	int, float, string, maps, structs, lists
Schema	Encoded in app	Declared in script or read by loader	Read from metadata
Data location	Encoded in app	Declared in script	Read from metadata
Data format	Encoded in app	Declared in script	Read from metadata

- Pig and MR users need to know a lot to write their apps
- When data schema, location, or format change Pig and MR apps must be rewritten, retested, and redeployed
- Hive users have to load data from Pig/MR users to have access to it

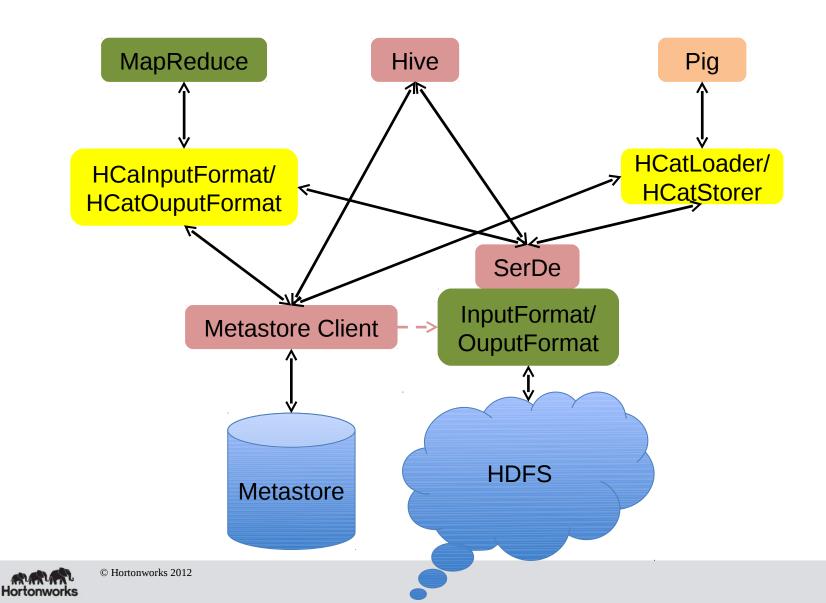


Hadoop Ecosystem





Opening up Metadata to MR & Pig



Tools With HCatalog

Feature	MapReduce + HCatalog	Pig + HCatalog	Hive
Record format	Record	Tuple	Record
Data model	int, float, string, maps, structs, lists	int, float, string, bytes, maps, tuples, bags	int, float, string, maps, structs, lists
Schema	Read from	Read from	Read from
	metadata	metadata	metadata
Data location	Read from	Read from	Read from
	metadata	metadata	metadata
Data format	Read from	Read from	Read from
	metadata	metadata	metadata

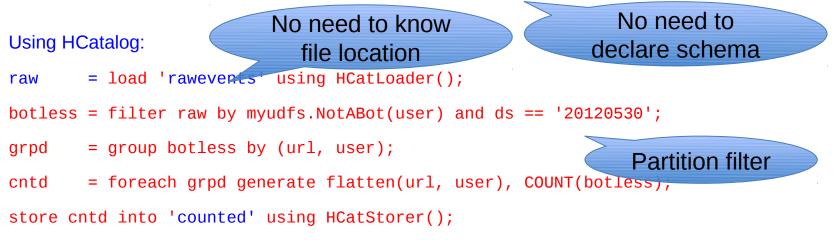
- Pig/MR users can read schema from metadata
- Pig/MR users are insulated from schema, location, and format changes
- All users have access to other users' data as soon as it is committed



Pig Example

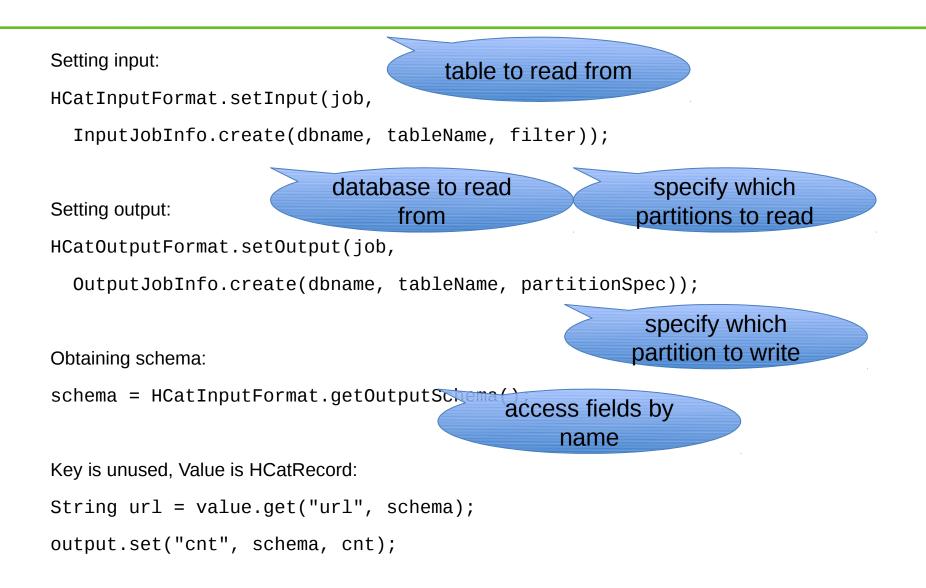
Assume you want to count how many time each of your users went to each of your URLs

```
raw = load '/data/rawevents/20120530' as (url, user);
botless = filter raw by myudfs.NotABot(user);
grpd = group botless by (url, user);
cntd = foreach grpd generate flatten(url, user), COUNT(botless);
store cntd into '/data/counted/20120530';
```





Working with HCatalog in MapReduce





Managing Metadata

If you are a Hive user, you can use your Hive metastore with no modifications

If not, you can use the HCatalog command line tool to issue Hive DDL (Data Definition Language) commands:

> /usr/bin/hcat -e "create table rawevents (url string, user string) partitioned by (ds string);";

Starting in Pig 0.11, you will be able to issue DDL commands from Pig



Templeton - REST API

- · REST endpoints: databases, tables, partitions, columns, table properties
- PUT to create/update, GET to list or describe, DELETE to drop

```
Get a list of all tables in the default database:
```

- Included in HDP
- Not yet checked in, but you can find the code on Apache's JIRA HCATALOG-182



HCatalog Project

HCatalog is an Apache Incubator project

Version 0.4.0-incubating released May 2012

- Hive/Pig/MapReduce integration
- Support for any data format with a SerDe (Text, Sequence, RCFile, JSON SerDes included)
- Notification via JMS
- Initial HBase integration



Questions

